

SKRO Reverse Osmosis Water Treatment Unit



Installation Instructions and User Manual Read and save this manual





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SKRO Water Treatment Unit

Installation Instructions and User Manual

Foreword

Neptronic Company Overview

Founded in 1976, Neptronic is a private corporation that designs, manufactures and distributes products for the HVAC industry. Our product line includes intelligent controllers, electronic actuators, actuated valves, humidifiers and electric heaters.

Our products are designed and manufactured by over 250 dedicated employees in our 7,500 m² (80,000 ft²) state-of-the-art facility located in Montreal, Canada. Our entire manufacturing chain is under one roof from software and hardware development to SMT circuit board assembly, to sheet metal fabrication, to product testing ensuring that our products are engineered to last using a vertical integration model.

We currently hold several national and international patents, and with our continued commitment to research and development, we provide innovative products and technologies for the ever-evolving challenges of the HVAC industry. Exporting over 75% of our sales, we have an exclusive distribution network around the globe that provides comprehensive solutions to our worldwide customers.

About the Manual

These installation and operation instructions have been developed to facilitate the installation of the SKRO Reverse Osmosis water treatment unit.

- The strict application of these instructions ensures conformity of your installation and operation as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
- The application of these instructions is one of the conditions for the application of the warranty.
- The application of these instructions does not ensure, at any time, conformity to procedures, regulation or local codes, regarding electric connections and installation to local water supply.

This product has been declared to conform to the applicable Canadian and American safety standards and directives and bear the ETL (c) & (us) mark. The Certificate of Conformity for ETL is available, upon request with the manufacturer.

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Health and Safety Instructions

General

This manual has been written to ensure correct, safe and sustainable operation of the SKRO Water Treatment unit and is intended for use by engineers and technical personnel trained by or their official agents. This manual must be read thoroughly before specifying, designing, installing or operating a SKRO Water Treatment unit. Please retain for reference and contact Neptronic should you have any questions.



The triangular symbol with the word **WARNING**: is used to designate danger of severe or lethal consequence.



The circular symbol with the word **CAUTION**: is used to designate danger of injury, or to warn of the hazardous operating condition, or other relevant information.

Electrical Warning Message







WARNING:

Risk of electric shock. Do not access. Disconnect SKRO Water Treatment unit before opening the electrical access door. All work concerned with electrical installation MUST only be performed by skilled and qualified technical personnel (such as an electrician or a technician with appropriate training). The customer is always responsible for ensuring the suitability of the technical personnel.

Please observe the local regulations concerning the provision of electrical installations.

Health & Safety

Installation, maintenance, repair work or de-commissioning should only be carried out by appropriately qualified technical personnel. Any risks or hazards relating to the system, including during installation and maintenance, should be identified by a qualified Health & Safety representative who shall be responsible for introducing effective control measures, as necessary. The customer is responsible for ensuring that the installation of the equipment complies with all local regulations.



CAUTION: Maintenance personnel must be trained by Neptronic or their official agent, and it is the customer's responsibility to ensure their suitability. Failure to use qualified personnel may lead to a hazardous operating condition.



WARNING: Danger of Electrocution! Danger of contact with live parts when the unit is open. Always isolate all water and electrical supplies to the system before commencing any maintenance or repair. Isolate power and water immediately if there are any signs of water leaking from the unit.

General Warranty

This product is subject to the terms and conditions described at www.neptronic.com/sales-conditions.aspx.

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Installation Instructions and User Manual

Handling and Packaging

Lifting or Handling MUST be carried out by trained and qualified personnel. Ensure that the lifting operation has been properly planned, assessed for risk and that the equipment is checked by a qualified Health & Safety representative, and effective control measures are in place.



It is the customer's responsibility to ensure that the operators are trained in handling heavy goods and to enforce the relevant lifting regulations.

The SKRO Water Treatment unit MUST always be handled and lifted with care and should remain in its original packaging for as long as possible before installation.

The SKRO Water Treatment unit package may be carried using a forklift from the underside. Caution should be exercised to ensure balanced load before lifting.

Inspection

Upon receipt, and once packaging material is removed, carry out an inspection to ensure that no damage occurred during transit. Verify that all the components listed in the packing list are included. Report any damage or missing parts immediately to your Neptronic representative.

Unpacking

The SKRO unit is delivered in a crate.

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Installation Instructions and User Manual

Overview

The SKRO Water Treatment unit purifies water by filtering it with reverse osmosis membranes, creating highly purified water with almost no minerals or contaminants. The SKRO is a part of a water treatment system with the following units as the main components:

- Dechlorinator unit
- Water softener unit

The purified water is ideal for combining with Neptronic's high pressure humidifiers such as SKH4 and isothermal humidifiers.

Advantages

The following are the advantages of the SKRO Water Treatment unit:

- Calibration free unit, plug and run
- Simple plumbing layout
- · Membranes easily accessible for replacement
- Sized to match Neptronic's humidifiers

Technical Specifications

The following are the technical specifications of the SKRO Water Treatment unit:

- Capacity: up to 13000 gallons per day
- Feed Water Pressure: 30 psi to 60 psi (207 kPa to 414 kPa)
- Operating Temperature: 40°F to 100°F (4°C to 38°C)

Features

The following are the features of the SKRO Water Treatment unit:

- Enclosed cabinet design with no external knobs or dials
- User-friendly, menu-driven LCD (128 x 64) display
- Numerical monitoring of the unit operation
- Pressure regulator to maintain osmotic pressure and maximize pure water output
- Digital sensors for:
 - Inlet pressure
 - Osmotic pressure
 - o Pure water pressure
 - Pure water flow
 - Total Dissolved Salts (TDS)
- · Wetted parts and fittings in stainless steel or brass
- Real-time clock and SD card or USB key for scheduling, trend monitoring, and data logging
- Firmware updates via SD card or USB key

Available Options

- · Digital sensor for concentrate flow
- BACnet and Modbus communication

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Sizing SKRO for Neptronic Humidifiers

The SKRO is designed to work with Neptronic humidifers for pure water supply. The key factors for sizing the SKRO include:

- Minimum ambient temperature
- Humidifier model and tank size
- Duty cycle

The following table shows the SKRO models that can be sized for Nepronic humidifers.

Table 1 - Sizing SKRO with Humidifiers

| SKRO Models | SKRO Pure Water Capacity [rated at 50°F (10°C)] | | SKE Model | SKG Model | SKH4 Model | SKH4 SS Model | |
|----------------|--|------|--------------|-----------|----------------|---------------|------------|
| | L/h | Lb/h | GPD [GPM] | | | | |
| SKRON012 | 120 | 265 | 760 | SKE4-S | | | |
| SKKON012 | 120 | 203 | [0.5] | SKE4-M | - | - | |
| SKRON022 | 220 | 480 | 1460 | SKE4-L | SKG4-1 Module | SKH4-N021B | - |
| SKKONUZZ | 220 | 400 | [1] | SKE4-XL | 3KG4-1 Module | ON 14-1102 1D | |
| SKRON023 | 230 | 500 | 1470 [1] | | SKG4-1 Module | SKH4-N021B | |
| SKRON046 | 460 | 1010 | 2900 [2] | | SKG4-2 Modules | SKH4-N050B | SKH4-N062S |
| SKRON091 | 910 | 2000 | 5770 [4] | - | SKG4-3 Modules | SKH4-N100B | SKH4-N140S |
| SKRON137 | 1370 | 3010 | 8690 [6] | | SKG4-4 Modules | SKH4-N185B | SKH4-N225S |
| SKRON205 | 2050 | 4510 | 13000 [9] | | - | SKH4-N280B | SKH4-N280S |

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Reverse Osmosis Water Treatment

Principle of Operation

The SKRO Water Treatment unit purifies water through Reverse Osmosis (RO) membranes, producing highly purified water with minimal minerals or contaminants. The SKRO is part of a complete water treatment system that includes a dechlorinator unit and a water softener unit.

1. Dechlorinator Unit

The dechlorinator unit uses Activared Carbon Filtration method to remove chlorine from the incoming water supply at the start of the water line. Water flows through the carbon filter, and chlorine molecules are trapped on the surface of the carbon particles. Chlorine can degrade the RO membranes quickly, so this step is crucial for preserving membrane life.

2. Water Softener Unit

The water softener exchanges hardness minerals (like calcium and magnesium) for sodium or potassium ions, making it easier to filter out these minerals and reducing the potential for membrane scaling. This process helps extend the life of the membranes.

After filtration, the purified water is stored in a pressurized tank (as shown in the illustration) until required by the humidifier. The SKH4 model is shown here as an example.



Water Treatment and Filtration Process

- 1. **Inlet and Circulation:** Water enters the SKRO unit through the inlet valve and circulates through the plumbing system.
- 2. **Pressurization and Filtration:** The pump pressurizes the feed water, forcing it through semi-permeable membranes. Contaminants are trapped on the pressurized side, while purified water passes through. The system maintains optimal differential pressure across the membranes to maximize filtration efficiency.
- 3. **Concentrate Management:** A pressure regulator controls the concentrate (waste stream) at 150 psi (1034 kPa), directing overflow to the drain. At the end of the cycle, the fast flush valve bypasses the regulator to clean the membranes. The software monitors the pressure on concentrate side using a digital manometer (PT4).
- 4. **Pure Water Distribution:** Purified water flows through a separate branch to the reservoir. A manifold with sensors monitors water quality (TDS), pressure, and flow rate. The pure water is stored in a pressurized tank (supplied by others) and distributed to the humidifier as required.

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SKRO Unit

Visual Overview

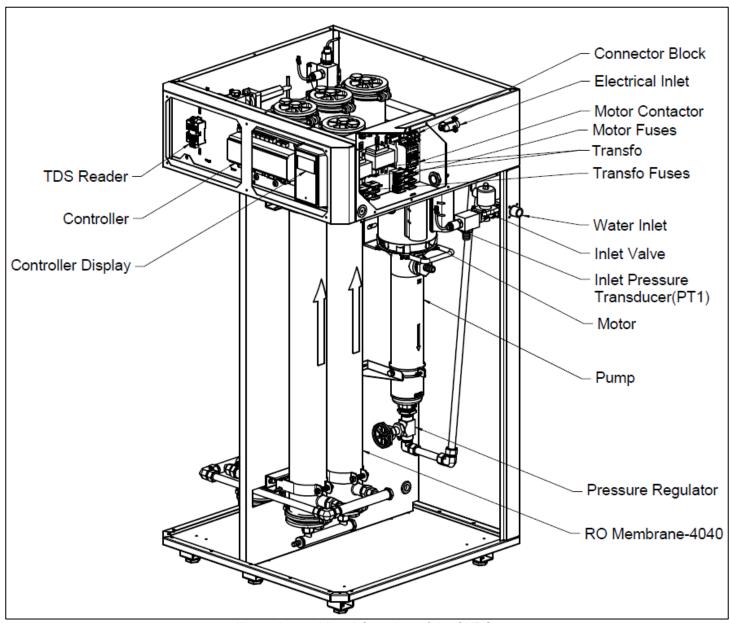


Illustration 2 - Visual Overview of the SKRO

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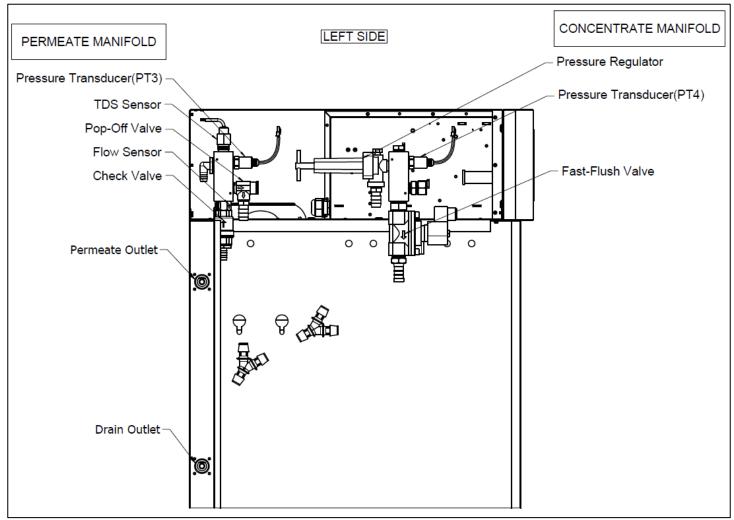


Illustration 3 - Components Overview

Nomenclature

Table 2 - SKRO Nomenclature

| WF SKRO | N | 046 | В | E |
|------------|------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| | | Pure Water Capacity | Membrane Type | Voltage |
| | | 012 = 120 L/h (0.5 GPM) | A – Low Energy | A = 120V/1ph |
| | | 022 = 220 L/h (1 GPM) | B – Extra Low Energy | B = 208V/1ph |
| | | 023 = 230 L/h (1 GPM) | | C = 220-240V/1ph |
| | Frequency: N = 60Hz | 046 = 460 L/h (2 GPM) | | D = 208V/3ph |
| | 14 - 00112 | 091 = 910 L/h (4 GPM) | | E = 220-240V/3ph |
| | | 137 = 1370 L/h (6 GPM) | | |
| | | 205 - 2050 I /b (0 CDM) | | G= 480V/3ph |
| | | 205 = 2050 L/h (9 GPM) | | H= 600V/3ph |

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Capacities and Power Consumption

Table 3 - Capacities and Power Consumption with A Membranes

| Min output | | MCA (A) | | | | | | | | |
|------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Model | At 50°F | (10°C) | Α | В | С | D | E | G | Н | Cabinet |
| | L/h | gpd | 120/1 | 208/1 | 240/1 | 208/3 | 240/3 | 480/3 | 600/3 | |
| SKRO-N012x | 120 | 760 | 20.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 | - | - | - | - | Small |
| SKRO-N022x | 220 | 1400 | 20.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 | - | - | - | - | Small |
| SKRO-N023x | 230 | 1460 | - | 18.5 | 16.1 | 10.3 | 8.9 | 4.5 | 2.3 | Large |
| SKRO-N046x | 460 | 2920 | - | 18.5 | 16.1 | 10.3 | 8.9 | 4.5 | 2.7 | Large |
| SKRO-N091x | 910 | 5770 | - | 25.4 | 22.1 | 11.4 | 9.9 | 4.9 | 3.9 | Large |
| SKRO-N137x | 1370 | 8690 | - | - | 35.3 | 15.3 | 13.2 | 6.6 | 5.4 | Large |
| SKRO-N205x | 2050 | 13000 | - | - | - | 22.9 | 19.9 | 10.0 | 8.0 | Skid |

Table 4 - Capacities and Power Consumption with B Membranes (Extra Low Energy)

| - | | | - | | | - | | | | |
|------------|---------|---------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------|
| Min output | | MCA (A) | | | | | | | | |
| Model | At 50°F | [10°C] | Α | В | С | D | E | G | Н | Cabinet |
| | L/h | gpd | 120/1 | 208/1 | 240/1 | 208/3 | 240/3 | 480/3 | 600/3 | |
| SKRO-N012x | 120 | 760 | 20.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 | - | - | - | - | Small |
| SKRO-N022x | 220 | 1400 | 20.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 | - | - | - | - | Small |
| SKRO-N023x | 230 | 1460 | 22.6 | 13.0 | 11.3 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 2.8 | 3.6 | Large |
| SKRO-N046x | 460 | 2920 | - | 15.8 | 13.7 | 7.8 | 6.8 | 3.4 | 3.6 | Large |
| SKRO-N091x | 910 | 5770 | - | 25.4 | 22.1 | 11.4 | 9.9 | 4.9 | 3.9 | Large |
| SKRO-N137x | 1370 | 8690 | - | - | 35.3 | 15.3 | 13.2 | 6.6 | 5.4 | Large |
| SKRO-N205x | 2050 | 13000 | - | - | - | 22.9 | 19.9 | 10.0 | 8.0 | Skid |

The system is rated at these conditions:

Table 5 - SKRO Membranes Rating

| Rated Condition | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|
| Membrane Type | TDS (Sodium chloride) | Water Recovery | Average Salt Rejection | AverageHardness Rejection | Regulator Pressure | Temperature rated |
| A – Low Energy | 2000ppm | 10-15%* | 99% | 99% | 200 psi (1379 kPa) | 25°C (77°C) |
| B – Extra Low Energy | 500ppm | 10-15%* | 99% | 99% | 150 psi (1034 kPa) | 25°C (77°F) |

^{*}Per membrane, units with multiples membranes multiply the overall recovery.



Note: Perform a Physico Chemical analysis of the water before selecting the type of equipment.

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Dimensions and Weight

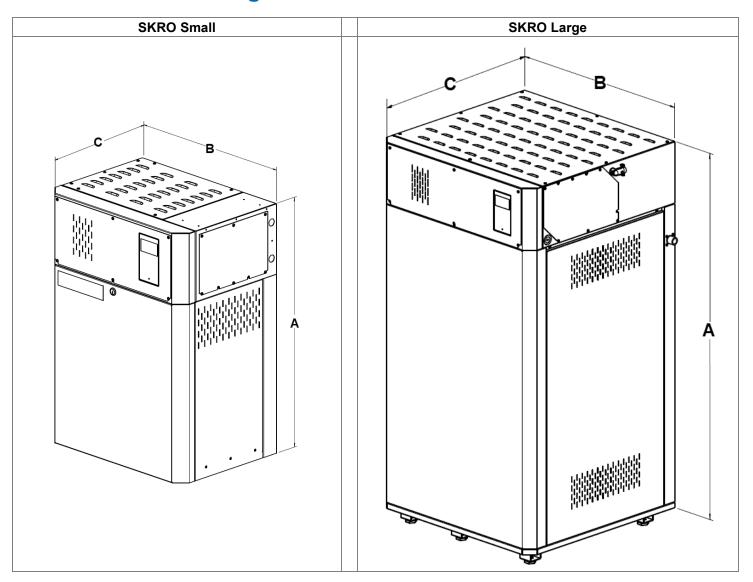


Illustration 4 - SKRO Dimensions

Table 6 - Unit Dimensions (North America)

| | | Dimens | sions (inch | n) [mm] | Weight (lb) [kg] | | |
|-----------------|-----------|--------|---------------|-------------|------------------|--------------|--|
| Enclosure Type | Model | Α | В | С | Dry | Full | |
| Small Englacure | SKRO-N012 | 31 | 22.3 [565] | 16 [400] | 65 [29] | 79 | |
| Small Enclosure | SKRO-N022 | [790] | | | | [36] | |
| | SKRO-N023 | | | | | | |
| Large Enclosure | SKRO-N046 | 55.0 | 29 | 28 | 320 | 441 [200] | |
| | SKRO-N091 | [1400] | [740] | [710] | [145] | | |
| | SKRO-N137 | | | | | - 1 | |

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Basic Installation Overview



WARNING: Failure to observe manufacturer's installation recommendations voids the manufacturer's warranty.

Installation Steps



Step 1 - SKRO Unit Installation

Step 2 - Membrane Insertion

Step 3 - Water Connections for the SKRO Unit

Step 4 - Power Supply Connections

Step 5 - Electrical Control Connections

Step 6 - Controller Installation and Configuration

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Step 1 – SKRO Unit Installation

Safety Precautions



WARNING: Risk of electric shock. Disconnect the appliance from the electric supply before commencing installation.



CAUTION: Risk of injury. The SKRO unit is heavy; It MUST always be handled and lifted with care.

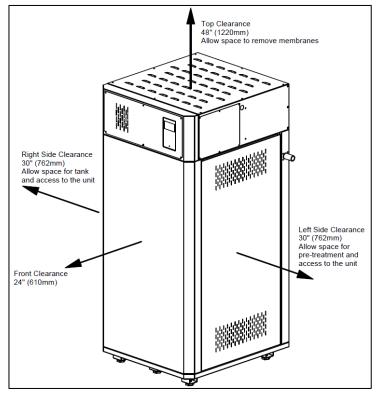
Location

Consider the following points before deciding the location for the unit:

- Plan a location that is easy to access to permit an easy inspection and servicing of the unit.
- Position the system near a water source and a drain.
- Do not install the unit where the failure of the appliance could cause damage to the building structure or other equipment.
- Ensure that the location is ventilated appropriately, and that the ambient temperature is less than 86°F (30°C).
- Ensure that the floor beneath the SKRO unit is waterproof to withstand any water spillage during servicing or if a problem occurs.

Positioning

- The pump unit can be floor mounted, either directly or with the use of a floor stand.
- Allow some space beneath the unit for the drain pan connection, located below the bottom plate.
- Respect the clearances around the unit as shown in this illustration to permit access to the connections and allow for servicing:



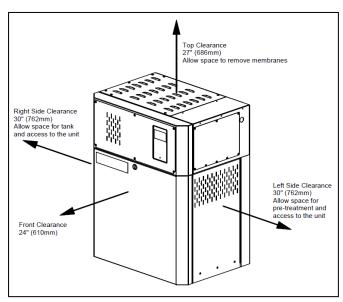


Illustration 6 - Clearances

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Floor Mounting (Large Cabinet)

- Provide a level, solid foundation for the SKRO unit.
- Ensure that the SKRO unit is leveled with the provided adjustable legs.
- Allow some space beneath the unit for the drain pan connection, located below the bottom plate.
- Secure the system frame to the floor using appropriate anchors.

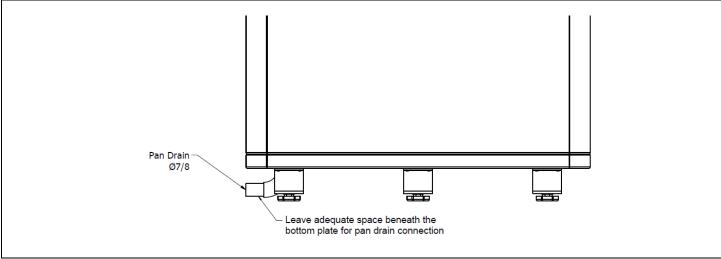


Illustration 7 - Floor Mounting and Clearances

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Wall Mounting (Small Cabinet Only)



CAUTION: Risk of malfunction. The unit must be placed at an equal level.



Note: Only the small enclosure units can be mounted on the wall.

Before proceeding, check the strength of the chosen support or wall (brick, concrete, stud partition wall) on which the water treatment system will be mounted. See the Dimensions and Weight section to know the weight of the unit.

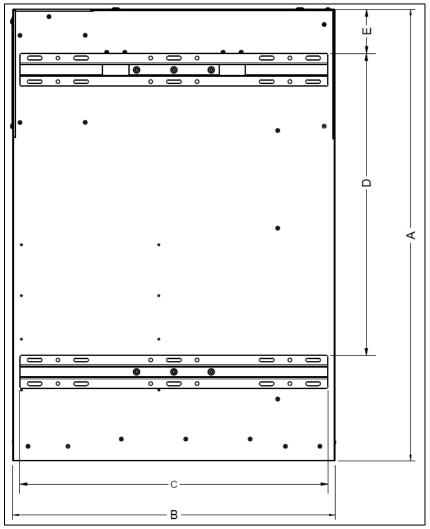


Illustration 8 - Mounting Bracket Positioning

Table 7 - Positioning Lines of Mounting Brackets

| Dimensions (inch) [mm] | | | | | | | |
|------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|--|--|--|
| Α | В | С | D | E | | | |
| 31 | 22.3 | 21.25 | 20.79 | 3.04 | | | |
| [790] | [567] | [540] | [528] | [77] | | | |

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To wall mount the water treatment system, perform the following steps:

- 1. Place the top bracket (supplied) on the support or wall as per the dimensions specified in Table 7 Positioning Lines of Mounting Brackets.
- 2. Drill 6 screws with dimensions of 1/4" (6mm) (not supplied) into the slotted holes of the top bracket, to secure the bracket to the support or wall.
- 3. Place the bottom bracket (supplied) on the support or wall as per the dimensions specified in Table 7 Positioning Lines of Mounting Brackets.
- 4. Drill 6 screws with dimensions of 1/4" (6mm) (not supplied) into the slotted holes of the bottom bracket, to secure the bracket to the support or wall.

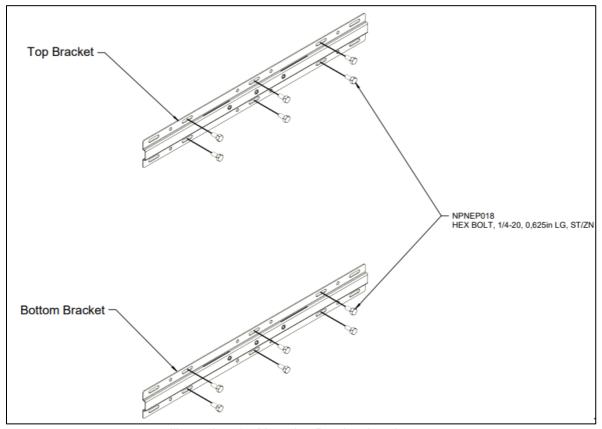


Illustration 9 - Mounting Bracket Attachment

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5. Secure the water treatment system to the top bracket, by placing the back inserts into the open slots located on the edge of the center of the top bracket.

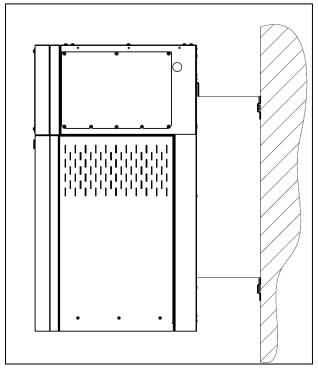


Illustration 10 - Top Mounting Bracket Connection

- 6. Open the front door of the humidifier to gain access to the slotted holes located in the back of the cabinet. Verify that the holes are aligned with the ones located in the center of the bottom bracket.
- 7. From inside the water treatment system, install 2 screws (supplied) into the center of the bottom bracket, in order to secure the water treatment system to the support or wall.

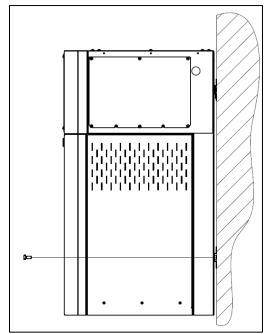


Illustration 11 - Bottom Mounting Bracket Connection

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Step 2 – Membrane Insertion

The Membranes are shipped dry and sealed to allow for maximum shelf life before comissionning. After installation of the SKRO physical unit, install the membranes in the unit.



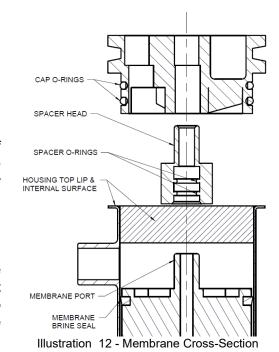
Note: For all lubrification, use food-grade silicone grease, non-petroleum based (Order at Neptronic, Spare part #SPG9325-6).

Apply grease only as a thin layer on the sealing surfaces.

Do not apply grease on the wall of the membrane.

Procedure

- 1. Remove the top end cap by removing the bolts of the clamp.
- 2. Identify the direction of the flow on the metal housing.
- 3. Unwrap the protective plastic film on the membrane.
- 4. Locate the brine seal and feed flow arrow on the membrane.
- 5. Lubricate both the membrane ports and the membrane brine seal.
- Insert the membrane straight in the housing. Match orientation of the flow (Pay attention to brine seal orientation as well, see Illustration 13). The Membrane port needs to insert in the spacer at the bottom, the alignment is important.
- 7. Insert spacer on the top membrane port.
- 8. Ensure that the lubricated spacer head and housing top lip and internal surface are hatched as shown in Illustration 13.
- 9. Close the membrane assembly back with top cap. Expect some resistance as several o-rings are being compressed but do not use excessive force. It is important to lubricate and align the top cap properly. If it is not aligned, re-grease and repeat the procedure. Cap should be flush to the housing lip.
- 10. Reassemble clamp around the top cap.



END CAP

SPACER

CLAMP

CLAMP

BRINE SEAL

BRINE SEAL

BRINE SEAL

Illustration 13 - Membrane Insertion Procedure

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Step 3 – Water Connections for the SKRO Unit

Water Source

The pre-treatment equipment is connected to the water supply that shall meet the following requirements:

Table 8 - Water Conditions

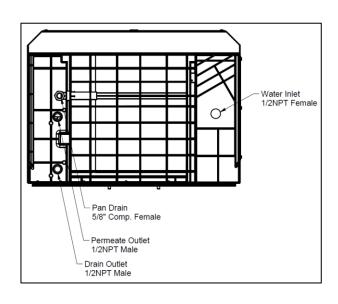
| С | onditions | Min | Max | Note |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--|
| Inlet Water Temperat | ture | 41°F (5°C) | 95°F (35°C) | See water compensation table. Protect RO unit from freezing temperature. |
| Inlet Water Pressure | | 30 psi (207 kPa) | 60 psi (414 kPa) | |
| | Membrane type | | | |
| | A – Low Energy | - | 2000 ppm | |
| TDS (Sodium chloride) | B – Extra Low Energy | - | 500 ppm | |
| (553.6 | C – Calcium Tolerant | - | 2000 ppm | |
| | D – Chlorine Tolerant | - | 2000 ppm | |
| | A, B & C | | 0 ppm | Usage of a carbon filter is required. |
| Chlorine Tolerance | D – Chlorine Tolerant | | 1 ppm | |
| pH (continuous) | All type | 6 | 8 | |
| pH (peak) | All type | 4 | 10 | To select cleaning agent for ponctual use |
| Turbidity | 1 | - | 1NTU | |
| Silt Density Index | | - | 4 | |
| Minerals: | | | l | |
| Iron (Fe) | | - | 0.1 ppm | |
| Manganese (Mn) | | - | 0.05 ppm | |
| Silica | | - | 1 ppm | |
| Hydrogen Sulfide | | | | |
| Oxidizer | Oxidizer | | | Such as bleach or hydrogen peroxide. |
| Barium | | | | |
| Heavy metals | | Not to | olerated | |
| Strontium | | | | |
| Sulfate (SO4) | | | | |
| H2S (rotten egg sme | II) | | | |

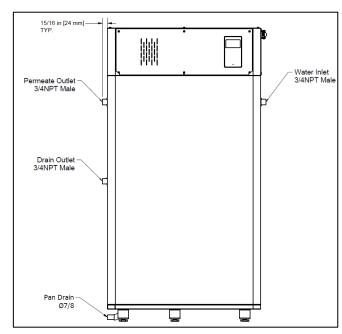
The water conditions vary highly from place to place but also from season to season. Be mindful of variations that will affect the output and lifespan of the membranes.

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Water and Drain Connections Specifications





SKRO Small Cabinet

SKRO Large Cabinet

Illustration 14 - Water Connections for SKRO

Table 9 - Water Supply and Drain Connection Specifications

| | Specification | Small Models | Large Models | | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|--|--------------------------|--|--|
| | Water supply size | Female NPT 1/2" (13 mm) | Male NPT 3/4" (19 mm) | | |
| ylddi | Minimum water supply pressure | 30 psi (207 kPa) | 30 psi (207 kPa) | | |
| Water Supply | Maximum water supply pressure | mum water supply pressure 60 psi (414 kPa) | | | |
| Wate | Minimum water supply temperature | 40°F (4°C) | 40°F (4°C) | | |
| | Maximum water supply temperature | Maximum water supply temperature 77°F (25°C) | | | |
| | Drain outlet size | Drain outlet size Male NPT 1/2" (13 mm) | | | |
| ets | Permeate water outlet size | Male NPT 1/2" (13 mm) | Male NPT 3/4" (19 mm) | | |
| Outlets | Pan drain outlet size | Female Compression DIA. Ø 5/8" (16 mm) | Male DIA. Ø 7/8" (22 mm) | | |

Connecting SKRO to Water and Drain Lines

Water Inlet Connection

- Connect the inlet NPT connection water supply.
- Install an isolation valve (not supplied) on the water line near the unit inlet for ease of maintenance and servicing.
- Flush the water line thoroughly before connecting the feed water pipework to the unit.

Water Drain Connections

- Connect the NPT drain outlet to an open drain outlet.
- The pan drain is located below the base of the SKRO unit and must be connected seperatly to an open drain.
- The open drain pipe must have a minimum diameter of Ø 1-1/2" (38mm) (DN40).



WARNING: Risk of flooding. Never connect the drains to a closed piping network.

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Permeate Water Outlet Connection

- Connect the NPT permeate outlet to a holding reservoir, atmospheric or pressurized.
 Line should be rated for at least 75 psi (517 kPa).
- Holding tank should be equipped with a isolation valve from the RO water distribution network and a bleed valve, used to empty the tank and sampling the water.

Pressurized:

Pressurized tank should have an initial pressure of 25 psi (172 kPa).

Atmospheric:

• Atmospheric tank need to be equipped with a level sensor with 2 or 3 levels of float :

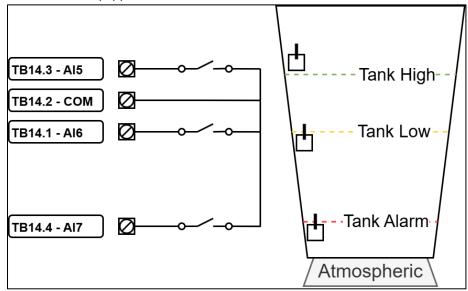


Illustration 15 - Atmospheric Tank Float Level

If using only two floats, jump the COM and AI7 together. Low level alarm will be disabled.

Atmospheric tank should be connected to a booster pump to provide pressure for the humidifiers connected downstream of the water treatment system.

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Step 4 - Power Supply Connections



WARNING: All work concerned with electrical installation MUST only be performed by skilled and qualified technical personnel, such as electricians or technicians with appropriate training. The customer is responsible for ensuring their suitability.



WARNING: Risk of electric shock. Isolate all power supplies before installation and maintenance of the SKRO Water Treatment unit.



You MUST externally fuse all incoming power supplies for over-current protection.

Observe local codes and regulations concerning the provision of electrical installations.

The installation technician must ensure the following:

- Use copper power conductors only.
- Ensure that the size of the power conductors is suitable for the maximum current supplied.
- Secure the incoming power cables using a suitably sized cable gland.
- Secure each terminal connection with a cable ferrule.
- Do not use the SKRO unit's frame to connect to ground. The SKRO unit cabinet has a provision for the electrical ground.

Power Supply Connections on SKRO unit

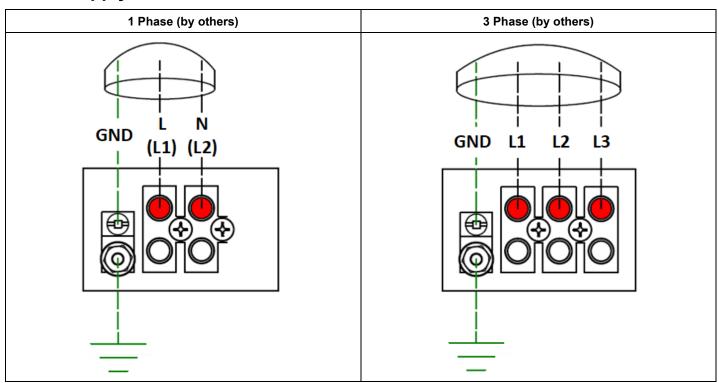


Illustration 16 - One and Three Phase Power Supply Connections

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Power Supply Knockout Locations on SKRO unit

Connect high power cable through the knockout holes provided on the unit. Alternative points are given depending on the installation constraints.



WARNING: Do NOT create any cutout holes on the top of the cabinet.

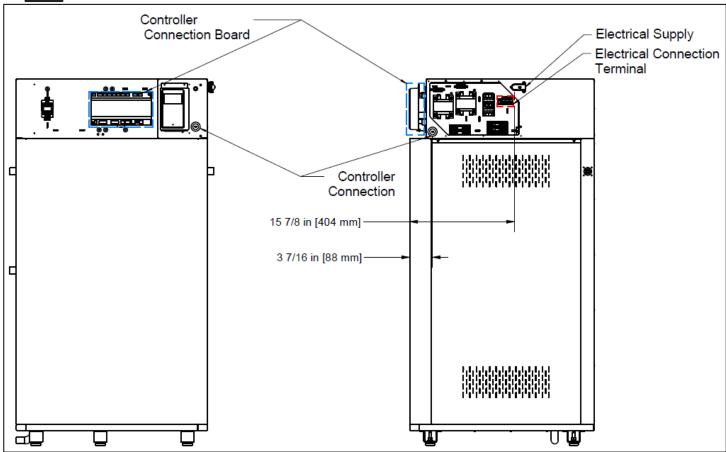


Illustration 17 - Power Supply Knockout Locations

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Step 5 – Electrical Control Connections



WARNING: All work concerned with electrical installation MUST only be performed by skilled and qualified technical personnel, such as electricians or technicians with appropriate training. The customer is responsible for ensuring their suitability.



WARNING: Risk of electric shock. Isolate all power supplies before installation and maintenance of the SKRO.

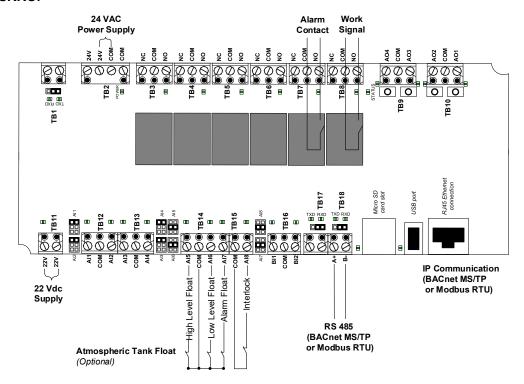


Illustration 18 - Electrical Connections

Safety Contact Connections

• Interlock. Wire the switch on the PCB between terminals TB15 2&3. If this contact opens, the operation of the SKRO unit stops and an Alarm will be displayed. If the interlock is not used, install a jumper between terminals TB15 2&3.

Work Signal

Work signal is a dry contact on TB8 2&3 that will activate when the unit is filtering water, flushing the membranes or
waiting idle for the reserve to go low so it will start again filling. This contact will be closed in normal operation, allowing
to be connected to the interlock of humidifiers and prevent them from running without water.

Alarm contact

Alarm dry contact on TB7 2&3 that will open when any alarm is activated or when the unit is without power.

Network Communication

Monitoring of the unit and changes in configuration can be done either with BACnet or Modbus communication protocol. The network control signal(s) must be selected by accessing the *Control* sub-menu located in the Menu - Installation (see page 30). To setup the communication parameters, access the Menu - Integration (see page 30). If using a BACnet MS/TP or Modbus RTU network, connect terminals TB18 1&2 to the RS485 network. BACnet and Modbus are also available on the IP port.



Note: BACnet MS/TP is configured by default. To change the communication interface to Modbus RTU, access the NtwrkOption setting located in the Network sub-menu of the Menu - Integration (see page 30).

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Step 6 – Controller Installation and Configuration

User Interface

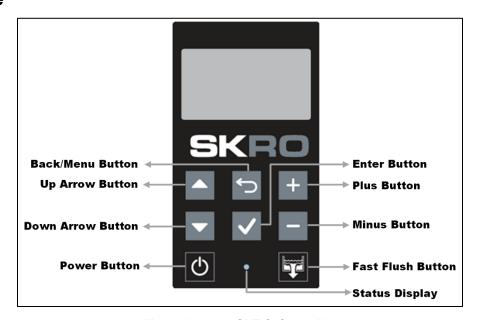


Illustration 19 - SKRO Controller

Controller Panel Features

The following are the features of the Control Panel and their description:

Table 10 - Water treatment system Control Panel Description

| Feature | | Description |
|------------------------------|--------------|--|
| | ;; (Blue) | Indicates that the water treatment system is turned on. The LED will begin blinking as the system is initializing. |
| Status Display | ⇔ (Red) | Indicates that the water treatment system is issuing an alarm or warning and that the system must be verified. |
| | O (Off) | Indicates that the water treatment system is turned off. |
| Power Button | Ф | The power button is used to turn the water treatment system on or off. Must be pressed and held for 3 seconds to perform the related action, to prevent accidental activation. Even when the water treatment system is powered off, the controller remains operational. |
| Fast Flush Button | | The fast flush is used to manually activate the flushing cycle. Must be pressed and held for 3 seconds to perform the related action, to prevent accidental activation. Even when the unit is powered off, a manual flush cycle may be initiated. Once the manual drain cycle is completed, the system will automatically be powered off. To turn the system back on, press and hold the power button. |
| Un and Davin Array | | The up arrow button is used to scroll to the next menu item or parameter. |
| Up and Down Arrow Buttons | • | The down arrow button is used to scroll to the previous menu item or parameter. |
| Plus and Minus | + | The plus button is used to increase the value of the displayed parameter. |
| Buttons | _ | The minus button is used to decrease the value of the displayed parameter. |
| Back/Menu Button | Ç | The back/menu button is used to go to previous menu or to access the Main Menu page from the Idle Screen. |
| Enter Button | ✓ | The enter button is used to advance to the next sub-menu, to access selected option or to confirm set parameter value. |

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Idle Screen

When the controller is in operation, the unit displays the following information on the Idle Screen:

Table 11 - Idle Screen Display Description

| Setting | Default | Range (* indicates no configuration; display only) | Description/Notes |
|----------------|---------------|--|--|
| State: | Current value | * (Off, Idle, Purifying, FastFlush, Alarm) | Displays the current state of operation of the unit. |
| TDS: | Current value | * (min: 0ppm, max 2000ppm) | Displays the water quality of the permeate. |
| InletPressure: | Current value | * (min: 0 psi, max 500 psi, [0 kPa to 3447 kPa) | Displays the pressure at the inlet of the unit. |
| PermeatePress: | Current value | * (min: 0 psi, max 500 psi) [0 kPa to 3447 kPa) | Displays the pressure of the permeate tank. |
| ConcentPress | Current value | * (min: 0 psi, max 500 psi) [0 kPa to 3447 kPa) | Displays the osmotic pressure on the concentrate side. |

| SKRON021B | |
|-----------------|-----------|
| State | Purifying |
| TDS | 17ppm |
| InletPressure | 31psi |
| PermeatPressure | 42psi |
| ConcentPressure | 150psi |
| | |

Illustration 20 - Idle Screen Display

Menu Access

- From the Idle Screen, the Main Menu can be accessed by pressing the **Back/Menu** button, enabling access to the General menu.
- To view other menu options and perform configurations to the system, press **Enter** ✓ while on the Idle Screen to advance to the **Login** Screen, where a valid password must be entered.
- Four different passwords can be used, each granting access to an additional menu option depending on the access level assigned to the provided password.
- If a password of higher access is provided, all menu options accessible with the use of a lower-level password will also be unlocked.

Table 12 - Access Levels

| Access Level | Password | Menu Unlocked | Description/Notes | |
|-----------------|----------|------------------|--|--|
| 1 | None | General | Grants access to General menu. | |
| 2 | 2222 | User | Grants access to General and User menus. | |
| 3 | 3322 | Service | Grants access to General, User and Service menus. | |
| 4 | 4433 | Installation | Grants access to General, User, Service and Installation menus. | |
| 5 | 5544 | Integration | Grants access to General, User, Service, Installation and Integration menus. | |

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Note: To modify or retrieve lost passwords, please contact factory.

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Menu - General

This is a Level 1 menu and does not require a password to access. Press the Back/Menu 🗀 button from the Idle Screen to access the General menu.

| Sub-Menu | Setting | Default | Range (* indicates no configuration; display only) | Description/Notes |
|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|
| Ctatus | SysPowerState: | On | * (Off, On) | Displays the status of the system power state. |
| Status | Interlock | Open | * (Open, Closed) | |
| | PermeateFlow: | 0 I/min | * (min: 0 I/min, max: 50 I/min) | Displays the flow of the permeate water in liter per minute. |
| | ConcentFlow (Concentrate): | 0 I/min | * (min: 0 l/min, max: 50 l/min) | Displays the flow of the concentrate water in liter per minute. (Optional equipment) |
| Physical IO | InletValve: | Closed | * (Closed, Open) | Displays the inlet valve status. |
| • | Motor: | Off | * (Off, On) | Displays the motor status. |
| | FFValve (Fast Flush): | Closed | * (Closed, Open) | Display the fast flush (drain) valve status. |
| | WorkSignal: | Off | * (Off, On) | Display the status of the work signal contact. |
| | Status: | Operational | * (Operational, Operational Read-Only, Download required, Download in progress, Non-operational, Backup in progress) | Displays the current system status. |
| | Vendor: | Neptronic | * | Displays the name of the vendor of the product. (Always Neptronic) |
| | Model: | - | * | Displays the water treatment system model name. |
| | AppVersion: | Current value (1.00.20250327) | * | Displays the current application software version. |
| System | SerialNo: | RO20180000 | * | Displays the serial number of the water treatment system. |
| Cystom | Profile: | SKH4 Controller | *SKH4 Controller | Displays a short profile for the configured device. |
| | MCULoad: | Current value | * (min: 0%, max: 100%) | Displays the current microcontroller load. |
| | MemoryLoad: | Current value | * (min: 0%, max: 100%) | Displays the current memory load. |
| | ResetReason: | None | * (None, BOR, Pin, POR, Soft, IWDG, WWDG, LPWR, Unknown) | Displays the reason for the previous system reset: None = No Reset; BOR = Brownout Reset; Pin = Pin Reset (using PCB Reset Button); POR = Power-on Reset; Soft = Software Reset; IWDG = Independent Watchdog; WWDG = Windowed Watchdog; LPWR = Low Power Reset; Unknown = Unknown Cause |

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Menu - User Settings

This is a Level 2 menu and requires a level 2 (or higher) password to access.

| Sub-Menu | Setting | | Default | Range | Description/Notes |
|-----------|------------------|----------------|------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | UTCOffset: | | -300min | min: -720min, max: 720min | Configure the value of the UTC offset. |
| System | Da | ylightSavings: | No | No, Yes | Select whether to enable daylight savings or not. |
| | LocalDateTime: | | YYYY-MM-DD 00:00:00 | | Configure the current date and time. |
| | LocalDisplay [4] | | | | |
| | | BacklightLvl: | 25% | min: 0%, max: 100% | Select the backlight level of the LCD screen. |
| Interface | | Contrast: | 10% | min: 0%, max: 30% | Select the contrast level of the LCD screen. |
| | | Language: | English | English, French, Spanish | Select the device language. |
| | | Units: | Imperial | Metric, Imperial | Select whether to use a metric or imperial system of units for the local device. |

Menu - Service

This is a Level 3 menu and requires a level 3 (or higher) password to access.

| Sub-Menu | Setting | Default | Range (* indicates no configuration; display only) | Description/Notes |
|----------|----------|---------|--|---|
| Status | On Time: | 0.00hr | * | Displays the total operating time of the unit. |
| Command | Request: | None | None, ResetAlarms, FastFlush, ResetServCnt | Perform one of the following actions for the water treatment system: reset warning alarms, initiate a fast flush drain cycle, reset service counters. |

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Menu - Installation

This is a Level 4 menu and requires a level 4(or higher) password to access.

| Sub-Menu | Setting | Default | Range (* indicates no configuration; display only) | Description/Notes |
|----------------|---|--------------------|--|---|
| System | ResetFactory: | No | No, Yes | Select Yes in order to reset the water treatment system back to its original factory configuration settings. WARNING: There is no way to recover previous configurations once the device has been reset. |
| | Installed: | Current Value | - | Displays the installation date. |
| Extended | RegPressure: | 150 psi (1034 kPa) | min: 100 psi, max: 275 psi (689 kPa to 1896 kPa) | Parameter of the pressure of the regulator. Regulator can be adjusted by hand to set this nominal pressure. |
| Config | PmpOnFFDelay: (Pump On Fast Flush Delay) | 120sec | min: 60sec, max: 300sec | Delay after which the pump is turned on during fast flush routine. |
| | IdleDrainTime: | 8hr | min: 1hr, max: 24hr | Set the drain time interval. |
| Discost and IO | PermeatPulse: | 0 | min: 0, max: 300 | Raw pulse value of the flow meter for permeate. |
| Physical IO | ConcentPulse: | 0 | min: 0, max: 300 | Raw pulse value of the flow meter for concentrate. |

Menu - Integration

This is a Level 5 menu and requires a level 5 (or higher) password to access.

| Sub-Menu | Setting | Default | Range (* indicates no configuration; display only) | Description/Notes |
|----------|--|------------------------|--|---|
| Network | Device [4] | | | |
| | DeviceName: | - | | Establish a name for the device. |
| | Location: | - | | Establish a designated location for the unit. |
| | Description: | - | | Establish a brief description for the unit. |
| | DeviceInstance: | 152999 (0x000255a7) | min: 0, max: 4194302 | Define the device instance value. |
| | NtwkTimout: (Network Timeout Delay) | 60sec | min: 30sec, max: 600sec | Define the amount of time the water treatment system may attempt to connect to the BACnet or Modbus network before it stops operating due to a communication error. |
| | Network: (Network Timeout Failsafe) | Ok | Ok, Timeout | Displays the network value. |
| | HTTPServer [1] | | | |
| | HttpServerUnits: | Metric | Metric, Imperial | Select whether to use a metric or imperial system of units for the web server. |
| | BACnetServer [6] | | For models connected to the BACnet network. | |
| | Eth enable: (Ethernet enable) | Disable | Disable, Enable | Select whether to enable or disable the Ethernet option. |

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| | ListMode: | Integrator | Integrator, Advanced, Factory | Select the category of BACnet objects to display. |
|---------|------------------|------------|---|--|
| | Units: | Metric | Metric, Imperial | Select whether to use a metric or imperial system of units for the BACnet server. |
| | CovMaxSubs: | 15 | min: 0, max: 255 | Select the maximum number of BACnet COV subscriptions allowed. |
| | NtwkTimeout: | Off | Off, On | Define the amount of time the water treatment system may attempt to connect to the BACnet or Modbus network before it stops operating due to a communication error. |
| | TimeoutState: | Ok | Ok, Timeout | |
| | BACnetMSTP1 [6] | | | Only appears if NtwrkOption is set to BACnet. |
| | MaxMaster: | 127 | min: 1, max: 127 | Configure MaxMaster value to increase network efficiency when there are less than 127 devices on the network. For optimal efficiency, set value to the highest MAC address in the MS/TP network. |
| | MaxInfoFrames: | 1 | min: 1, max: 100 | Configure the maximum number of information messages the controller may transmit, before it must pass the token to the next controller. |
| | Network: | 1 | min: 1, max: 65534 | Displays the network value. |
| | AutoBaud: | No | No, Yes | Enable or disable automatic baud rate detection. |
| | BaudRate: | 19200 | 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800 | Select the baud rate for data transfer. |
| | MSTP1MAC: | 001 | | Set the MS/TP network MAC address. |
| | BACnetMSTP2 [6] | <u> </u> | Only appears if NtwrkOption is set to BACnet. | |
| | MaxMaster: | 127 | min: 1, max: 127 | Configure MaxMaster value to increase network efficiency when there are less than 127 devices on the network. For optimal efficiency, set value to the highest MAC address in the MS/TP network. |
| | MaxInfoFrames: | 1 | min: 1, max: 100 | Configure the maximum number of information messages the controller may transmit, before it must pass the token to the next controller. |
| | Network: | 4 | min: 1, max: 65534 | Displays the network value. |
| | AutoBaud: | No | No, Yes | Enable or disable automatic baud rate detection. |
| | BaudRate: | 19200 | 9600, 19200, 38400, 76800 | Select the baud rate for data transfer. |
| | MSTP2MAC: | 002 | | Set the MS/TP network MAC address. |
| | BACnetiP [2] | | | For models connected to BACnet IP. |
| Network | NtwkNumber: | 2 | min: 1, max: 65535 | Set the local BACnet IP network number. |
| | BACnetIPPort: | 47808 | min: 0, max: 65535 | Set the User Datagram Protocol (UDP) port number. BACnet port number is set by default. |
| | BACnetETH [1] | | | For models connected to BACnet Ethernet. |
| | NtwkNumber: | 3 | min: 0, max: 65535 | Set the local BACnet Ethernet network number. |
| | ModbusServer [3] | | | For models connected to Modbus. |

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| | Units: | Metric | Metric, Imperial | Select whether to use a metric or imperial system of units for the Modbus server. |
|---------|--------------------|------------------------|---|---|
| | NtwkTimeout: | Off | Off, On | Define the amount of time the water treatment system may attempt to connect to the BACnet or Modbus network before it stops operating due to a communication error. |
| | TimeoutState: | Ok | Ok, Timeout | |
| | ModbusRTU1In [4] | | | Only appears if NtwrkOption is set to Modbus. |
| | MAC: | 1 | min: 1, max: 247 | Set the Modbus MAC address. |
| | Autobaud: | No | No, Yes | Enable or disable automatic baud rate detection. |
| | PortConfig: | No Parity, 2 Stop Bits | No Parity, 2 Stop Bits Even Parity, 1 Stop bit Odd Parity, 1 Stop bit | Select the Modbus communication port configuration. |
| | BaudRate: | 38400 | 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600 | Select the baud rate for data transfer. |
| | ModbusTCPIP0In [2] | | | For models connected to Modbus TCP/IP. |
| | KeepAliveTimeOut: | 5min | min: 1min, max: 1440min | Set the amount of time the communication stays open before connection is cut out, when no signal is received from the device. |
| | ListeningPort: | 502 | min: 0, max: 65535 | Set the communication port number. Modbus TCP port number is set by default. |
| | SMTP [7] | | · | |
| | SSL: | Off | Off, On | If turned to <i>On</i> , a secure socket layer will be used to encrypt the communication between the device and the email server (Port value must be set to 587 and <i>Username</i> and <i>Password</i> settings must be filled out). If turned to <i>Off</i> , the default socket will be used (use Port 25 to use server without login account or Port 587 if login details for email account have been entered). |
| | Port: | 25 | 25, 587 | If set to 25, server to server email transfer is enabled (can only be used if SSL is set to Off). If set to 587, client to server email transfer is enabled. |
| | ServerAddr: | 192.168.100.100 | | Configure the server IP address for the email account. |
| | From: | Current value | | Set the email address that will be sending the water treatment system notification messages. |
| | То: | Current value | | Set the email address that will be receiving the water treatment system notification messages. |
| | Username: | Current value | | Set the login username for the email account. |
| | Password: | Current value | | Set the login password for the email account. |
| | Notify [3] | | | |
| | Alarm: | Off | Off, On | If turned to <i>On</i> , then the humidifier alarm messages will be sent to the email configured in the <i>SMTP</i> sub-menu. |
| Network | Warning: | Off | Off, On | If turned to <i>On</i> , then the water treatment system warning messages will be sent to the email configured in the <i>SMTP</i> submenu. |

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| | AppMsg: | Off | Off, On | If turned to <i>On</i> , then the water treatment system event messages will be sent to the email configured in the <i>SMTP</i> sub-menu. |
|---------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|
| | IPSettings[10] | | | |
| | DHCP: | Inactive | Inactive, Active | Select whether to enable Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) to automatically provide an IP address. |
| | RstIPSetting: | No | No, Yes | Select whether to restart the IP module, in order to allow recent parameter modifications to be effective. |
| | StaticAddress: | 192.168.1.100 | | Configure the static IP address. |
| | StaticSubnetMask: | 255.255.255.0 | | Configure the static subnet mask. |
| | StaticDefaultGateway: | 192.168.1.1 | | Configure the static default gateway. |
| Communication | StaticDnsServer: | 192.168.1.1 | | Configure the static DNS server. |
| | ActualAddress: | Current value | * | Displays the actual IP address. |
| | ActualSubnetMask: | Current value | * | Displays the actual subnet mask. |
| | ActualDefaultGateway: | Current value | * | Displays the actual default gateway. |
| | ActualDnsServer: | Current value | * | Displays the actual DNS server. |
| | ETHSettings[1] | | | |
| | EthernetMacAdd: | Current value | * | Displays the MAC address of the Ethernet interface. (Only applicable if using an Ethernet connection.) |
| | SysLogAlarm: | Current value | * | Displays the system log alarm file. |
| | USBSystemLogFile: | Current value | * | Displays the USB system log file. |
| System | USBSysAlarmLogFile: | Current value | * | Displays the USB system alarm log file. |
| | SystemLogFile: | Current value | * | Displays the current log file being archived and is sent to the SD card when file is full and a new one is started. |
| | BACnetMSTP1 [5] | | | |
| | RxValid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the procinced consequence |
| | RxInvalid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the received communication frames for troubleshooting purposes. |
| | RxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Trained for a dubiconcounty purposes. |
| | Tx | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the transmitted communication |
| | TxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | frames for troubleshooting purposes. |
| Not Defined | BACnet IP [5] | | | For models connected to BACnet IP. |
| Not Delined | RxValid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Disales information on the marking account of |
| | RxInvalid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the received communication frames for troubleshooting purposes. |
| | RxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Turnes for a oubleshooting purposes. |
| | Tx | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the transmitted communication |
| | TxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 99999999 | frames for troubleshooting purposes. |
| | BACnet Ethernet [5] | | | For models connected to BACnet Ethernet. |
| | RxValid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 99999999 | |

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| RxInvalid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the received communication frames for |
|-----------------|--|--|---|
| RxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | troubleshooting purposes. |
| Tx | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the transmitted communication frames |
| TxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | for troubleshooting purposes. |
| BACnetMSTP2 [5] | | | |
| RxValid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | |
| RxInvalid | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the received communication frames for troubleshooting purposes. |
| RxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Traines for troubleshooting purposes. |
| Tx | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | Displays information on the transmitted communication |
| TxLost | 0 | *min: 0, max: 999999999 | frames for troubleshooting purposes. |
| | RxLost Tx TxLost BACnetMSTP2 [5] RxValid RxInvalid RxLost Tx | RxLost 0 Tx 0 TxLost 0 BACnetMSTP2 [5] RxValid 0 RxInvalid 0 RxLost 0 Tx 0 | RxLost 0 *min: 0, max: 999999999 Tx 0 *min: 0, max: 999999999 TxLost 0 *min: 0, max: 999999999 BACnetMSTP2 [5] RxValid 0 *min: 0, max: 999999999 RxInvalid 0 *min: 0, max: 999999999 RxLost 0 *min: 0, max: 999999999 Tx 0 *min: 0, max: 9999999999 |

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List of Alarms and Warnings

Table 13 - List of Alarms

| Display | Description | Alarm Reset |
|---|--|----------------|
| LowInletPressure (Warning) | Indicates that the pressure is insufficient at the inlet to supply water for the pump. System will perform a flush and stop purifying until the water supply has reached the sufficient pressure. Make sure that the supply of water is free flowing and confirm that pre-filters are not clogged. | Automatic |
| HighInletPressure | Indicates that the pressure at the inlet is too high and will create overpressure in the concentrate plumbing. System will perform a flush and wait for the pressure to reduce. | Automatic |
| DamagedMembrane | Indicates that the membranes were compromised because the quality of permeate has degraded beyond the threshold. Change membranes. | Manual |
| InsufficientOsmosis* (Warning) | Warning indicating that the water is not being replenished in the holding tank. First level of warning indicating that the performance of the membranes is decreasing Consider replacing the membranes in the near future. | Manual |
| Service Due Warning* (CloggedMembrane) (Warning) | Warning indicating that the water in the tank is falling to a low level. Second level of warning indicating that the performance of the membranes is decreasing. Consider replacingthe membranes immediately. | Manual |
| BlockedMembrane* | Indicates that the membranes are not able to filter water anymore, and that the water reserve is empty. Purifying state will stop and it will go into the alarm state. Membranes need to be replaced. | Manual |
| TDSSensorFailed (Warning) | Indicates that the TDS sensor is not working. Operations are not stopped but the water quality will not be monitored any longer. | Automatic |
| ConcentrateOpen | Indicates that the concentrate manifold is not creating restriction and the pump is not able to pressurize the system. The fastflush valve may be stuck open or the pressure regulator may be broken and completely open. | Manual |
| LowPumpPressure | Indicates that the pump can no longer build pressure above the parametered regulating pressure (See Regulator Pressure in Menu - Installation) and therefore cannot evacuate the concentrate. Consider lowering the pressure regulator and adjusting the parameter after to have concentrate flush. Consider changing the pump to keep original performance of the unit. | Manual |
| InletValveOpen (Warning) | Warning that indicates that the inlet valve has failed open. While not preventing normal operation, it is preferrable for the membranes to be depressurized to rest. Consider replacing the valve. | Manual |
| FastFlushBlocked (Warning) | Warning that indicates that the fast flush valve has failed closed. Fast flush is used at the end of each fill to prolong the life of the membranes. Consider replacing the valve. | Manual |
| PressureSensor# | Indicates that a pressure sensor is defective. Pressure monitoring is essential for the monitoring and sequencing of the unit, replace the sensor immediately. | Manual |

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| InletClogged | Indicates that the pressure at the inlet has dropped below the threshold for 3 times in 10 minutes. This means that something is clogged from the inlet, most likely a filter that creates too much restriction. | Manual |
|------------------------|---|-----------|
| OverUsage (Warning) | Warning to indicate that the purifying state has been active for more than 6 hours continuously. Consider changing the membranes to regain original performance. | Automatic |
| PressureRegClosed | Indicates that the pressure regulator failed closed and does not regulate the pump pressure anymore. Replace the pressure regulator and inspect the membrane. | Manual |
| NoPureWater | Indicates that there is no flow detected on the permeate manifold. | Manual |
| TankClosed | Indicates that the pressurized tank is closed. | Manual |

^{*} Only active for pressurized tank

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Start-Up Procedure

Once the installation is complete, follow this start-up procedure to ensure that the SKRO water treatment unit is ready for normal operation. We strictly recommend following this procedure in order to avoid any anomaly resulting from inaccurate installation of the components.



Initial verification and start-up must be carried out by suitably qualified personnel.

Initial Verification

| Clearance | Ensure that the system is installed in a location where it can be serviced correctly with the recommended clearances. | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|
| Mechanical | 2. Ensure that the unit is installed in a temperature-controlled environment of less than 86°F (30°C). Verify that the unit is fixed securely to the ground and that it remains stable. | | | |
| | Check all membrane housing tops, ensure that the cap is sitting on the lip of the housing for each, and all clamps are properly fastened. | | | |
| Hydraulic | 4. Verify that the unit water connections are installed properly: | | | |
| | a) Ensure that water is supplied to the unit and that an isolation valve is installed on the water line. With the water isolation valve turned on, verify that there are no apparent leaks. | | | |
| | b) Ensure that the main drain and pan drain outlets are properly connected to an open drain. Verify that the water drainage is not obstructed. | | | |
| | Check that pre-treatment filters and equipment are connected to the water inlet and operational. | | | |
| | If using a pressurized tank: | | | |
| Tank | Ensure that the permeate outlet is connected to a pressurised tank with an initial pressure adjusted to 25 psi (172 kPa). The Tank should have an isolation valve. | | | |
| | If using an atmospheric tank: | | | |
| | Ensure that the three float switches are wired to the control board. If only using high and low switch, jump the AI7 contact with COM. | | | |
| Electrical | 6. Verify that the power supply (voltage) conforms to the appliance name plate on the side of the water treatment system. | | | |
| | 7. Ensure that the Interlock is properly connected to the controller. If Interlock is not used, verify that a jumper is connected between terminals TB15-2&3. | | | |

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Start-Up



Maintain a purging period of 30 minutes when the unit is turned on for the first time. The purging period ensures that the permeate is flushed directly and provides high quality water.

| | Remove the top cover. Remove the top cap(s) by loosening the two bolts holding the semi-circular clamps at the top of the membrane holders. | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| Membranes | 3. Remove the transport wrapping plastic of the membrane and insert them in each housing with the centering ring and spacers. Output Description: | | |
| | on the lip of the stainless-steel housing. | | |
| | 5. Clamp back the cap with the bolts at the base of the cap with the lip of the membrane housing. | | |
| | 6. Proceed to start up the water treatment unit, as follows: | | |
| | a) Turn on power. | | |
| Flush | b) Confirm that the inlet pressure is in the range of 30 psi (207 kPa) to 60 psi (414 kPa) on the main screen. | | |
| | c) Press the Fast Flush button . Verify that the concentrate pressure does not rise by 75 psi (517 kPa) higher than the inlet pressure. | | |
| | Press the On button. The unit will go into purifying state. | | |
| | Monitor the pressures of the system. | | |
| | Inlet pressure should not be lower than at idle. Otherwise check pre-treatment equipment. | | |
| Start-up | Permeate pressure should rise quickly to a minimum of 25 psi (172 kPa), then slowly increase while the tank is filling. At the commissioning or after changing the membrane, flush the produce of the first 30 minutes in the drain. | | |
| | Concentrate pressure should be adjusted while the pump is running using the pressure regulator handle to be at: | | |
| | Membranes A, C & D Membranes B | | |
| | 200 psi (1379 kPa) 150 psi (1034 kPa) [| | |
| | The regulating valve at the bottom of the pump can be adjusted to reduce the amount of concentrate water purged to the drain but at least 15% of water entering the unit should be evacuated while purifying. | | |
| End | 7. The SKRO is now ready for normal operation. | | |

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Servicing and Maintenance

Replacing the RO Membranes



Note: For all lubrification, use food-grade silicone grease, non-petroleum based (Order at Neptronic, Spare part #SPG9325-6).

Apply grease only as a thin layer on the sealing surfaces.

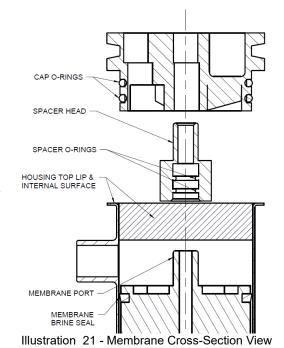
Do not apply grease on the wall of the membrane.

Procedure

- 1. Remove the top end cap by removing the bolts of the clamp.
- 2. Remove the spacer carefully from the top of the membrane.
- 3. Remove the membrane using pliers and discard according to the local regulations.

Follow steps of membrane insertion:

- 4. Identify the direction of the flow on the metal housing.
- 5. Unwrap the protective plastic film on the membranes'.
- 6. Locate the brine seal and feed flow arrow on the membrane.
- 7. Lubricate both the membrane ports and the membrane brine seal.
- 8. Insert the membrane straight in the housing. Match orientation of the flow (Pay attention to brine seal orientation as well, see Illustration 22). The Membrane port needs to insert in the spacer at the bottom, the alignment is important.
- 9. Insert spacer on the top membrane port.
- 10. Ensure that the lubricated spacer head and housing top lip and internal surface are hatched as shown in Illustration 22. Close the membrane assembly back with top cap. Expect some resistance as several o-rings are being compressed but do not use excessive force. It is important to lubricate and align the top cap properly. If it is not aligned, re-grease and repeat the procedure. Cap should be flush to the housing lip.
- 11. Reassemble clamp around the top cap.



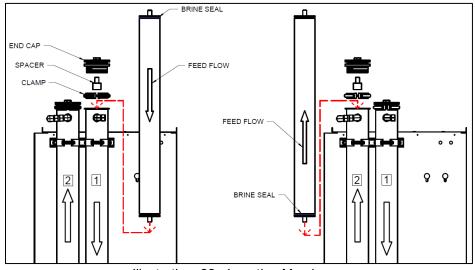


Illustration 22 - Inserting Membrane

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Cleaning the Membranes

The regular cleaning of the membranes of the Reverse Osmosis (RO) system ensures a prolonged lifespan and efficient performance. The following instructions provide a detailed description for cleaning the membranes.

Schedule for Cleaning

The RO membranes should be cleaned in one or any of the following situations:

- Scheduled Maintenance: The membranes should be cleaned once every 6 to 12 months, depending on the feedwater quality and system usage.
- Increase in Differential Pressure: When there is an increase of 10 to 15% in pressure drop across the membrane.
- Increase in Salt Passage: When there is an increase of 10 to 15% in salt rejection or TDS (Total Dissolved Solids) in the permeate water.

Equipment

The following equipment (Not supplied) is required for the servicing and maintenance of the membranes:

- RO Cleaning Tank: A dedicated tank to prepare and circulate the cleaning solutions.
- Cleaning Pump: A low-pressure pump to circulate the cleaning solutions through the membranes.
- Pressure Gauges and Flow Meters: To monitor the cleaning process.
- pH Meter: To ensure the correct pH of the cleaning solutions.

Cleaning Solutions

The following cleaning solutions (*Not supplied*) are recommended for cleaning the membranes.

- Acidic Cleaning Solution (for inorganic scale): A citric acid or phosphoric acid solution.
- Alkaline Cleaning Solution (for organic fouling): A solution of Sodium hydroxide (caustic), possibly with an added detergent or surfactant for organic removal.

Cleaning the Membranes

Cleaning the membranes has the following steps:

- Stage 1 Shut Down the RO System
- Stage 2 Prepare the Cleaning Solution
- Stage 3 Set Up the Cleaning Equipment
- Stage 4 Recirculate the Cleaning Solution
- Stage 5 Monitor pH and Temperature
- Stage 6 Soak the Membranes
- Stage 7 Flush the Membranes
- Stage 8 Evaluate the Cleaning

Stage 1 - Shut Down the RO System

- 1. Turn off the RO system and disconnect the system from the feed water and the permeate line.
- 2. Isolate the RO system by closing the inlet and outlet valves.

Stage 2 - Prepare the Cleaning Solution

- 1. Prepare the appropriate cleaning solution in the cleaning tank:
 - Acidic Solution: Use a citric acid or similar descaler. Maintain a pH between 2 and 4.

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- Alkaline Solution: Use sodium hydroxide with a detergent. Maintain a pH between 10 and 12.
- 2. Fill the cleaning tank with the solution, ensuring that it is thoroughly mixed and is at the correct concentration.

Stage 3 - Set Up the Cleaning Equipment

- 1. Connect the cleaning tank to the RO membrane system using the appropriate hoses.
- 2. Connect the cleaning pump to circulate the solution through the membrane housing at low pressure 30 psi to 60 psi ((207 kPa to 414 kPa).
- 3. Ensure that the cleaning setup includes valves to allow recirculation of the solution.

Stage 4 - Recirculate the Cleaning Solution

- 1. Start circulating the cleaning solution through the membrane. The cleaning solution should pass through the feedwater inlet and discharge back into the cleaning tank.
- 2. Maintain a flow rate and pressure according to the membrane manufacturer's recommendations (typically low-pressure recirculation at about 30 psi to 60 psi (207 kPa to 414 kPa).

Stage 5 - Monitor pH and Temperature

- 1. Check the pH and temperature of the cleaning solution, periodically. Adjust as necessary:
 - For acidic cleaning, maintain the pH between 2 and 4.
 - For alkaline cleaning, maintain the pH between 10 and 12.
 - Cleaning temperatures should not exceed 100°F (38°C) to avoid damaging the membranes.

Stage 6 - Soak the Membranes

- 1. After circulating the cleaning solution for 30 to 60 minutes, stop the pump and allow the membranes to soak.
 - The soaking time should be at least 1 hour for standard cleaning or up to several hours (or overnight) for more severe fouling.
- 2. Recirculate the solution for another 30-60 minutes after the soak.

Stage 7 - Flush the Membranes

- 1. After cleaning, flush the membranes with clean water to remove all traces of the cleaning chemicals.
- 2. Use the RO permeate water or softened water to prevent further fouling during flushing.
- 3. Continue flushing until the pH of the flushed water matches the feedwater (pH ~7).

Stage 8 - Evaluate the Cleaning

- 1. Check the flow and pressure of the permeate after cleaning to see if the performance has improved.
- 2. Compare the pre-cleaning and post-cleaning pressures, permeate flow, and TDS to ensure that the cleaning was effective.

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Post-Cleaning System Startup

- 1. Reconnect Feed Water Reconnect the system to the feed water supply.
- 2. **Gradual Startup** Gradually increase the pressure back to the normal operating range.
- 3. Monitor System Performance Monitor the system for leaks, pressure drops, or other abnormalities.
- 4. Check that the permeate flow and TDS to ensure that the system is performing within specifications.

Maintenance Tips

By following these steps, you can effectively clean and maintain your RO membranes, ensuring an optimal performance and a longer lifespan for your system.

- 1. Clean the membranes regularly, even if there are no significant performance drops, to prevent long-term damage.
- 2. Use RO-compatible cleaning chemicals only, as other chemicals may damage the membranes.
- 3. Consider adding a cleaning log to track the membrane performance before and after cleaning.

Types of Fouling and Cleaning Agents

| Fouling | Cause | Cleaning Agent |
|----------------------------|--|---|
| Inorganic Scale | Commonly caused by calcium carbonate or silica buildup. | Acidic solutions such as citric acid or phosphoric acid (pH 2-4). |
| Organic Fouling | Caused by bacterial growth, biofilm, or organic materials. | Alkaline solution with sodium hydroxide and a detergent (pH 10-12). |
| Colloidal Fouling | Caused by clay, silt, or other suspended particles. | Low-pH solution with detergents or dispersants. |
| Iron and Manganese Scaling | These metals can precipitate on the membrane surface. | Use an acid solution, or specialized iron- removing cleaners. |

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Troubleshooting

Issues in a reverse osmosis system can arise from various sources, including feed water conditions, membrane fouling, mechanical failures, or improper operation. The following is a detailed troubleshooting guide to help diagnose and resolve common problems in a 3000 GPD RO system.

Table 14 - Troubleshooting Typical Problems

| Problem | Possible Cause | Corrective Action |
|--|--|---|
| Low Permeate (Product Water) Flow | Clogged pre-filters: Sediment or carbon filters may be fouled. Fouled or scaled membranes: Membranes may be clogged with organic or inorganic matter. Low feed water pressure: The system may not be receiving sufficient inlet pressure. Damaged or worn-out multi-stage pump: The high-pressure multi-stage pump may not be providing adequate pressure. Incorrect system settings: Flow restrictors, valves, or controls may be misadjusted. Incorrect multi-stage pump motor correct rotation direction: Motor should be rotating in Clockwise (CW) position when viewing from the fan end. Reverse electrical motor wiring if it is rotating in the wrong direction. | Replace or clean the pre-filters. Perform a membrane cleaning procedure using the appropriate cleaning agents. Check the inlet feed water pressure and increase it, if necessary (should be within 40 psi to 85 psi [276 kPa to 586 kPa]). Inspect the multi-stage pump for wear or damage and repair or replace, if needed. Adjust the system settings or check the flow restrictors for blockage. Reverse the electrical motor wiring if it is rotating in the wrong direction. See List of Alarms and Warnings for more information. |
| High TDS (Total Dissolved Solids) in Product Water | Damaged or degraded membranes: Membranes may be torn, or their performance may have degraded. Inadequate rejection due to high feedwater TDS: Feedwater may have excessively dissolved solids. Bypass flow issue: A bypass valve may be partially open or malfunctioning. | Inspect the RO membranes for damage or fouling and replace, if necessary. Ensure that the inlet feed meets system specifications (TDS below 2000 ppm). Check all bypass valves for proper operation and ensure that they are fully closed. |
| High Pressure Differential Across Membrane | Membrane fouling or scaling: High pressure differentials may indicate that the membrane is clogged. Clogged pre-filters: These can cause resistance, increasing the differential pressure. | Clean or replace the RO membranes. Replace the pre-filters (sediment and carbon filters). Check the system pressures and confirm that they are within the normal operating range. |
| System Shutting Down Frequently | Low pressure switch activated: This could be due to insufficient inlet feed water pressure. Overheating of the pump: Prolonged operation at high pressure or flow rate may cause the pump motor to overheat. Electrical issues: Faulty wiring, circuit breakers, or system controls may cause the system to shut down. | Check the inlet feed water pressure and ensure that it is within the required range (35 psi to 75 psi [241 kPa to 517 kPa]). Inspect the multi-stage pump motor for signs of overheating and ensure adequate ventilation and cooling. Check the wiring and electrical connections for loose or damaged components. |

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| Problem | Possible Cause | Corrective Action | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| | | Reset any tripped circuit breakers or replace the faulty switches. | | |
| Pump Is Noisy or Vibrating | Air trapped in the multi-stage pump or plumbing lines: Air bubbles can cause cavitation and noise. Worn out multi-stage pump bearings or components: Over time, mechanical components may wear out. Loose mounting or piping connections: Vibration may be due to improper securing of the pump or pipes. | Bleed the air out of the system by opening a valve until the water flows smoothly. Inspect the pump for worn or damaged parts and replace them, if necessary. Tighten all mounting bolts and check for loose piping connections. | | |
| Low Feed Water Pressure | Clogged feed water line or pre-filters: The feed water supply line or pre-filters or carbon block filter may be obstructed. Inadequate water supply: The feed water source may not be delivering enough pressure. Pre-water treatment issue: Check the Water softener or dechlorinator for any media issue that may be restricting the normal water flow. | Check and replace pre-filters and carbon block filters, if necessary. Inspect the feed water line for kinks, blockages, or leaks. Ensure that the feed water source delivers the required pressure (minimum 40 psi [276 kPa]). | | |
| High Brine (Wastewater) Flow | Malfunctioning flow restrictor: The flow restrictor/pressure regulator may be faulty, causing excessive brine flow. Improperly adjusted flow restrictor: The flow restrictor/pressure regulator may need to be adjusted. | Check the flow restrictor/pressure regulator for blockages or damage and replace, if necessary. Verify that the flow restrictor/pressure regulator is properly adjusted. | | |
| High Feed Water TDS Causing Performance Issues | Inadequate pre-treatment: The feed water may require additional treatment (for example, Iron, tannin.). Overloaded membranes: High TDS feed water can overload the RO membranes and decrease the efficiency. | Have a water sample tested in a Certified laboratory for water quality issue. Consider adding pre-treatment such as modified media beds to improve feed water quality within specs. Consider installing an additional pre-treatment system if the feed water's TDS consistently exceeds the recommended levels of 500 ppm. | | |
| Fouling of Membranes (Frequent Cleanings or replacement Required) | Poor feed water quality: Excessive sediment, organics, or scale-forming substances in the feed water can foul the membranes quickly. Inadequate pre-filtration: Sediment or carbon block filters may not be performing adequately. Improper system operation: Operating at too high or too low pressures can contribute to fouling. | Improve the feed water quality by adding or upgrading the pre-treatment systems. Replace or upgrade the sediment and carbon pre-filters. Ensure that the system operates within the manufacturer's recommended pressure range. | | |

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| Notes | | | |
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